S. Wiretap Right Is Defended

Defending the administra tion's claim of an inherent presidential right to wiretap dissident domestic groups, General Deputy Attorney Richard G. Kleindienst maintains there is no difference between Americans and foreigners if their aim is to destroy the government.

"It would be silly to say that an American citizen, because he is an American, could subtions of violence and revolu- 5 to set aside a ruling by U.S. an interview.

duct that presents a clear and out court approval. present danger to our form of The Justice Department has

tivity that could be exactly the California federal judge in a same as similar conduct com-Black Panther case. Two other mitted by agents of a foreign federal courts—in the Chicago power."

"The whole question of internal security is not a divisible subject matter," Kleining opinions virtually assure dienst said. "You can't divide the case ultimately will reach subversion into two parts-domestic and foreign."

asked the Sixth Circuit Court vert the government by ac of Appeals in Cincinnati Feb. tion and be immune from, District Court Judge Damon J. first, identification, and sec- Keith in Detroit in the case of ond, prosecution," he said in an alleged bombing. Keith held that the Attorney Gener-Kleindienst stressed he was al acting forthe President, has talking, not about free speech, no authority to conduct elecbut about "conduct inimicable tronic surveillance in domestic to our free institutions, con- national security cases with-

government, that kind of ac-) appealed a similar ruling by a Seven case and a case in Kansas-have upheld the governthe case ultimately will reach the Supreme Court, which has yet to rule on the legality of The Justice Department has foreign intelligence wiretaps conducted without court orders.